THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9505. EDINBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1782.

THEATRE ROYAL.

By Desire of a Lady of Distinction,

On SATURDAY the 3d of August will be presented, a COMEDY, Not acted this season, called The

CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.

Woodville, Mr WARD;
Grey, Mr WOODS;
Lord Glenmore, Mr Sparks; Governor Harcourt, Mr Charteris; Captain Harcourt, Mr Sutherland; Vane, Mr Simpson;
And Jacob, Mr JOHNSON.
Bridget, Mrs SPARKS;
Miss Mortimer, Mrs Woods; Warner, Mrs Mountfort;
And Cecilia, Mrs WALCOT.

End of the Play, a New Dance, never performed here, called,

FRISK AND FUN,

BY MR ALDRIDGE AND MISS CAPON.

To which will be added, a FARCE, as will be expressed in the Bills, In which Mr LEONI will appear,

For the LAST TIME but one.

EDINBURGH, JULY 30. 1782.

WE whose names are under written, having taken into our most serious consideration the defenceless state of Scotland, beg leave to call a Meeting of the Noblemen and Gentlemen of that part of the united kingdom, upon Monday the 5th day of August next, at Fortune's, at twelve o'clock, in order that a proper plan may be adopted to procure that most constitutional defence, a MILITIA.

GLENCAIRN.
MORAY.
HADINTON.
BINNING.
ALEXR. DON.
WILL. M'DOWALL.
H. MONTGOMERIE.

THERE is to be SOLD by DAVID and JAMES WILLIAMSON in company, at their stand in the Poultry-market of Edinburgh, all lawful days in the week, wind and weather serving,

GOOD AND FRESH SOLON GEESE.

Any who have occasion for the same, may have them at reasonable rates.

IN FOUR DAYS,

The Edinburgh and London Diligence and Fly,

By Way of Kelso, Newcastle, and York,

Price reduced to 3 l. 17 s.

CONTINUE to set out from JOHN DUNBAR'S, at the White Horse Inn, head of Canongate, Edinburgh, at one o'clock in the morning;—and from Mr WILSON'S, at the Swan with Two Necks, Lad Lane, London, every lawful day. Each passenger to pay 3 l. 17 s. Sterling, and be allowed one stone of luggage; all above to pay 6 d. per pound weight. Have proper conveniencies for luggage, parcels, &c.

Those that send goods must observe to pack them so as to undergo the motion of the carriage, or the proprietors will not be answerable for damages occasioned thereby. Nor will they be accountable for boxes, parcels, &c. above the value of 15 l. Sterling; and that only when enquired for within a month after their being dispatched.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, 29th July 1782.

By order of the Hon. COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE.

ON SATURDAY the 10th of August next, at twelve o'clock noon, there will be exposed to SALE by public auction, at the Excise Warehouse in LEITH, (pursuant to act of Parliament), The following Quantities of TEA, seized and condemned as forfeited, viz.

		per lib.
4 Boxes, containing 217 libs. of BLACK TEA,	appraised at	6 s. 6 d.
2 Boxes, containing 159 libs. of ditto,	at	6 s.
5 Bags, containing 109 libs. of ditto,	at	6 s. 6 d.
3 Ditto, containing 35 libs of ditto,	at	6 s.
Sundry parcels, containing 94 libs. of ditto,	from	3 s. to 5 s.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, and the conditions of sale, to be seen at the above-mentioned Warehouse on the day preceding, and the morning of the day of sale.

By Order of the Honourable
COMMISSIONERS of his MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS,

THERE are to be exposed to public roup and sale, at the Custom houses of the ports after mentioned, at twelve o'clock noon each day,

A Parcel of AQUAVITÆ, and TWO SLOOPS, lately condemned in his Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

Prestonpans, Wednesday, 7th August 1782—59 Gallons Aquavitæ.

Kirkcaldy, Thursday, 8th August 1782—The Sloop BETSEY of Kirkcaldy, burden 32 tons.

Aberdeen, Saturday, 10th August 1782—The Sloop JANET of Down, about 30 tons burden.

DUNG TO LET.

THE DUNG or FULZIE in the District of LAURIESTON and TEVIOT-ROW, is to be exposed to sale, for four years after Martinmas next, in the house of Mr Wallace, near Bristo Port, on Wednesday the 7th of August, at five o'clock afternoon.

Not to be repeated.

FORTH AND CLYDE NAVIGATION.

A QUARTERLY GENERAL MEETING of the Company of Proprietors of the Forth and Clyde Navigation falls to be held within the Laigh Parliament-house here, on the 6th (being the first Tuesday) of August next, at eleven o'clock forenoon, in terms of act of Parliament;—but as the Court of Session will then be sitting, the meeting will adjourn to the Assembly Hall.

It is requested of the Noblemen and Gentlemen Proprietors to attend, as many things occur which are frequently delayed, on account of the smallness of the number of Proprietors present.

DALKEITH ROADS.

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is to be a Meeting of the Trustees for the Dalkeith District of Roads, on Saturday next the 3d day of August, within the house of Mrs Johnston vintner in Dalkeith, at twelve o'clock noon precisely, where it is requested the Trustees will attend.

To all DEALERS in BLACK CATTLE.

THESE are intimating, that there is to be held this year, upon Tuesday the 13th of August, and to continue every second Tuesday of August yearly thereafter, at STRATHGARVE, in the county of Ross, a TRYST for the Sale of Black Cattle, and that upon the muir of Meikle Garve, within three miles of the village and inn of Contin, five of the town of Dingwall, and twelve of Inverness. This tryst is intended for the sale of the cattle of Braeross, Lochbroom, Coigach, Garloch, Assint, and the low country of Rossshire; and as these are reckoned an excellent kind of cattle for driving, and are otherwise of a good quality, it is hoped all dealers south and north will see it their advantage to attend this tryst. The proprietor, Mr Mackenzie of Strathgarve, and the other gentlemen in the neighbourhood, are determined to give all possible encouragement to strangers. The proprietor is also to build a small house for an inn at Meikle Garve, for the better accommodation of those that attend the tryst. There is good roads to Strathgarve, and plenty of pasture for cattle.

The following Advertisement was ordered to be inserted in the Edinburgh news-papers, by a General Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply of the COUNTY of INVERNESS, held upon the 30th day of April last.

THE Meeting having taken into their serious consideration the alarming abuses which prevail in this part of the united kingdom, in creating qualifications for electors of Members of Parliament, by means of splitting superiorities, and separating them from the property of lands, are unanimously of opinion, that such nominal qualifications are unconstitutional, and subversive of the freedom of elections; and have resolved to concur with other counties in Scotland in every legal measure for obtaining a correction of these abuses, and for putting the rights of electors upon a proper and constitutional footing.

Signed in name, at sight, and by appointment of the meeting, by ALEXR. CHISOLM of Chisolm, Esq; their Preses.

Extracted from the records of Court, by ALEXR. GRANT, Clk.

COUNTY OF MORAY.

AT a full Meeting of the Gentlemen, [illegible] of the county of Moray, held at Elgin the 21st of May last, called for the purpose of taking into consideration, the present state of the representation of the people in Parliament, the Meeting came to the following unanimous resolutions:

I. That the present mode of creating nominal and fictitious qualifications for voting at elections for Members of Parliament is alarming and unconstitutional, and subject to the greatest abuses.

II. That this Meeting will use every endeavour in their power to obtain a correction of such abuses, by pursuing every legal measure for putting elections of members of Parliament for this part of the kingdom upon a constitutional and equal footing.

III. That for this purpose, Sir James Grant of Grant, Baronet, and Francis Russel of Westfield, Esq; advocate, be a committee of this meeting, to meet at Edinburgh, and correspond and concur with the other counties of Scotland, and otherwise, without delay, to pursue in name, and at the expence of this Meeting, such measures as to them may appear most conducive to this end.

IV. That in hopes, and with a persuasion of inducing the other counties of Scotland, (many of whom, like us, must have felt, and all of whom must be sensible of the weight of Aristocratical influence), to join in this exertion for emancipation, the Meeting appoint their Preses to sign these their resolutions, and to order the same to be published in the Edinburgh news-papers.

LEWIS DUFF, Preses.

WICK IN CAITHNESS, JUNE 18. 1782.

THE Justices of Peace, &c. met by adjournment, Benjamin Dunbar of Hempriggs Preses.—Amongst other things, it was agreed, that Sir William Dunbar of Hempriggs, now at Edinburgh, and John Sinclair of Ulbster, Esq; now attending his duty in Parliament, should meet or correspond with gentlemen of other counties, and consult about a more constitutional representation, and guarding against fictitious and nominal votes; and they appoint James Sinclair of Dunan, Esq; to correspond with the gentlemen above named from the country; and they named Benjamin Dunbar, Esq; John Sutherland of Swinzie, Esq; George Sinclair of Ulbster, Esq; and Bailie Mackea of Wick, as a standing committee, to consult and consider of these matters; and they order these their resolutions to be advertised in the public papers.

BENJAMIN DUNBAR.

THE Gentlemen now at Edinburgh, named by the above *Three Counties* as their Commissioners, impowered to meet at Edinburgh, and concert measures for carrying their resolutions into execution, beg leave to acquaint the landed proprietors of all the counties of Scotland, at present in Edinburgh, that there is to be held in Prince's-street Coffeehouse, at one o'clock on Monday next the 5th of August next, a meeting for taking into consideration the subject of the resolutions of the counties of Inverness, Moray, and Caithness, and for concerting proper measures for carrying them into execution; and also for considering what may be the proper means of collecting the sense of all the other counties of Scotland, upon a subject of so much national importance.

This Day is published,

In Six Volumes Duodecimo, Price 15 s. in boards and 18 s. bound, Sold by the Bookfellers of Edinburgh, Glasgow, Aberdeen, Perth, Stirling, Dumfries, Dundee, &c.

A PHILOSOPHICAL AND POLITICAL

HISTORY

OF THE

Settlements and Trade of the Europeans

IN THE

EAST AND WEST INDIES.

BY THE ABBE' RAYNAL.

TO WHICH IS ADDED,

(*Not contained in any former English Edition of this Work*)

THE REVOLUTION OF AMERICA.

BY THE SAME AUTHOR.

A NEW TRANSLATION.

WITH NOTES AND LARGE ADDITIONS BY THE AUTHOR.

AND A COPIOUS INDEX.

EXTRACT *from the* AUTHOR'S ADVERTISEMENT.

"SUCH readers as have bestowed any attention on *The Philosophical and Political History of the Settlements and Trade of the Europeans in the East and West Indies*, have easily perceived, that the book has been printed in a very different state from that in which it was composed. The several editions are all alike, as they have all been obliged to copy the first, which was evidently done from a mutilated or altered manuscript.

"The work now at length appears as it came from the hands of the Author. Too many mistakes are still to be found in it: But some indulgence will be granted to a writer who wishes to avail himself of the knowledge which well-informed persons choose to communate to him."

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE first English translation of this work, printed at London in 1776, is evidently done from one of those spurious and mutilated French copies, mentioned in the Author's advertisement. It appears also to have been executed in a hurry. Mistakes and inaccuracies are to be seen in very page; and the errors of the press are very numerous.

Notwithstanding all these disadvantages, the book met with a most favourable reception from the public. The impression was immediately sold off. In consequence of which, two new editions were undertaken the same year; the one at London, the other at Edinburgh. The latter is said, in the title-page, to be with *great corrections and improvements*. It was, no doubt, an improvement of the former. Many things were altered for the better, and a few passages supplied. But the book still remained very imperfect and inaccurate. Almost in every page omissions may be found. Sometimes two or three words, sometimes as many sentences, and even whole pages are left out in different places. Nor is it accompanied with the Author's notes, which are very useful and entertaining, and sometimes consist of several pages. It also wants, what many will think absolutely necessary in a work of of this nature,—an *Index*.

To remedy these defects was the intention of the present undertaking. In it the errors of the former versions are attempted to be corrected—the deficiencies are supplied.—*The Revolution of America*, by the same Author, not contained in any former English translation of this work, is also added.—To the whole is subjoined a copious *Index*.

☞ Booksellers will please apply for copies in quires to W. ANDERSON bookseller, Stirling; or J. ROBERTSON printer, Edinburgh.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *July* 23.

War Office, July 23. 1782.

Royal regiment of horse guards, Lieutenant Lewis Buckle is appointed to be Captain of a troop, vice Alexander Forbes. Cornet Francis Chaplin to be Lieutenant, vice Lewis Buckle.

4th Regiment of foot, Charles Mundin, Gent. to be Enfign in one of the additional companies, vice William Dyott.

9th Regiment of foot, Serjeant-Major —— Burbidge to be Adjutant, vice Thomas Balfour.

12th Regiment of foot, Captain-Lieutenant Chriſtopher Ludwig Forch to be Captain of a company, vice Thomas Adams. Lieutenant John Chalmers to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Chriſtopher Ludwig Forch. Enſign Lewis Tobias Jones to be Lieutenant, vice John Chalmers. John Hughes, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Lewis Tobias Jones. Enſign Kynvet Wilſon to be Lieutenant, vice —— Whetham. David Latimer Tinling, Aſſiſtant-Engineer, to be Enſign, vice Kynvet Wilſon.

18th Regiment of foot, Enſign Sydney Scroggs to be Lieutenant, vice William Lucas.

20th Regiment of foot, Enſign George Bolton to be Lieutenant, vice Clifton Wheat.

24th Regiment of foot, Enſign Colin M'Larty to be Lieutenant, vice Boyle Spencer.

29th Regiment of foot, William Charles Strachan to be Enſign, vice William Buckley.

31ſt Regiment of foot, Enſign William Cockell, of the 1ſt regiment of Weſt Riding Yorkſhire militia, to be Enſign, vice William Houſton.

41ſt Regiment of foot, Enſign Jonathan Thorpe to be be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Turner. Enſign John Higgins, of Captain Crofton's independent company of invalids, to be Enſign, vice Jonathan Thorpe.

58th Regiment of foot, Enſign Exham Hemmings to be Lieutenant, vice —— Williamſon. Volunteer Alexander Forbes, from the 2d battalion of the 73d regiment, to be Enſign, vice Exham Hemmings.

72ſt Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Donald M'Bean to be Captain of a company, vice James Fraſer.

89th Regiment of foot, Reuben Joynour, Gent. to be Enſign, vice James Mitchell.

98th Regiment of foot, Enſign Kinnerſley Kirby, of 102d foot, to be Lieutenant.

99th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Henry Hervey Aſton, of 6th foot, to be Captain of a company, vice Patrick Moore. Lieutenant Thomas Napper, of Earl Fauconberg's regiment of foot, to be Enſign, vice Abraham Croſſe.

104th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Auſtin to be Captain of a company, vice Henry Bowen Browne.

Royal Lancaſhire Volunteers, Captain-Lieutenant Roger Sedgwick to be Captain of a company, vice Richard Richardſon. Lieutenant William Brome to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Roger Sedgwick. Enſign John Shawe to be Lieutenant, vice William Brome. William Rookes, Gent. to be Enſign, vice John Shawe.

Cinque Ports Corps, Enſign Thomas Jenkins to be Lieutenant, vice —— O'Beirne.

Robert Wilſon, late Adjutant in the 1ſt regiment of foot guards, to be Lieutenant in Captain Malcolm's independent company of invalids, vice John Hall.

Enſign John Lovekin to be Lieutenant in Captain Carleton's independent company. —— Mercer, Gent. to be Enſign in the ſaid company, vice John Lovekin.

Eyre Caulfield, Gent. to be Enſign in Captain Jones's independent company, vice Thomas Jones.

William Hean, Gent. to be Enſign in Captain Farquharſon's independent company, vice Donald Farquharſon.

Dunbar Hamilton Price, Gent. to be Enſign in Captain Roſs's independent company, vice Benjamin Williamſon.

From the London Papers, July 25.

LONDON.

A correſpondent has favoured us with a literal tranſlation of a letter written to the King of Pruſſia by a young woman, an inhabitant of Mecklenburgh Schwerin:

"*Great King*,

"Deign to pardon the preſumption of a poor girl, who implores a favour at your Majeſty's hands.

"Hearken to my prayer with that goodneſs which is peculiar to yourſelf, and which prompts you to delight in rendering mankind happy.

"Grant unto me the boon, O thou beſt of Kings! of a ſmall farm in your new colonies.

"I am at preſent poor and unfortunate; but if you will, great King, comply with my humble requeſt, I would not change my ſituation with any living ſoul; for then would I chuſe a worthy youth who would love me, and who would ſweetly ſpend his happy days with me, in the country of my benefactor and my King.

"Each morning will I then addreſs the Supreme Being on your behalf, that he will grant you health, and the moſt delightful peace and tranquility of mind. You may eaſily realiſe to yourſelf the pleaſing proſpect of my future happineſs: Be perſuaded then to yield, my King, and grant me my deſire. I embrace your knees; I will not ceaſe to implore it of you, till you ſhall have anſwered my prayer, till the very moment you reply, "Well; I will. I conſent."

"It now only remains that I entreat your favour and pardon for the boldneſs of this letter, which, without the knowledge of any perſon, and purely of my own accord, I have preſumed to lay at your feet.

"Your determination, great King, whatever it may be, is waited for by me with that profound reſpect and high veneration which becomes

HENRIETTA MULLER."

The King was pleaſed to reply to this letter in the following terms, addreſſed to the Grand Kehl, in Mecklenburgh Schwerin, May 17. 1782:

"*My dear Counſellor of the territory of Warder*,

"My intention is, that as ſoon as Henrietta Muller, of Mecklenburgh Schwerin, ſhall be married to an honeſt man, in anſwer to her very natural and affecting letter, that you appoint her a ſettlement in the new colonies in Preignitz; pay a particular attention to time and place; and in the mean time inform her of my gracious intentions in this reſpect. I am,

Potzdam, May 27. 1782. FREDERIC."

Thoſe perſons who intereſt themſelves in the welfare of H. Muller, will not ſurely be ſorry to hear of the ſpeedy and gracious anſwer his Majeſty condeſcended to make to her letter. This ſimple innocent country girl has met with a worthy man, both wealthy and handſome, whom ſhe has married, and, in conſequence of the King's promiſes, the new-married couple have been put into poſſeſſion of ninety acres of improveable land, a new houſe, with a barn and large ſtock of cattle, all ſituated at Neuſtadt, on the river Doſſe.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *July 27.*

Whitehall, July 27.

The King has been pleased to grant to the Right Honourable Isaac Barre, the office of receiver and paymaster-general of his Majesty's guards, garrisons, and land forces.

The King has also been pleased to grant to the Right Honourable Henry Dundas, the office of treasurer of his Majesty's navy.

Whitehall, July 27.

Intelligence has been received at the Right Honourable Mr Secretary Townshend's office, that General Meadows, with the troops under his command, and that part of the fleet lately commanded by Com. Johnstone which was destined for India, arrived at Bombay the 6th of January: That a cessation of hostilities had taken place between the East Company's troops and the Marattas, in consequence of which the governor and council detached two battalions of sepoys to the relief of Tellicherry, which had for a long time been besieged by Hyder Ally's forces: That, with the aid of this reinforcement, Major Abington had made a sally from the fort, in which he completely routed the enemy, killed about 500 men, and took 1200 prisoners, among whom was their leader, Serdar Cawn, a brother-in-law of Hyder Ally, with 50 pieces of cannon, 60 elephants, many horses, a large quantity of ammunition and grain, and treasure to the amount of three lacks of rupees.

Admiralty-Office, July 26. 1782.

Extract of a letter from Captain Thomas Bishop, to Mr Stephens, dated Weymouth, July 24. 1782:

BE pleased to acquaint my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that on the 23d instant, about two P. M. I was informed that a small sloop privateer had taken a sloop near the Beach to the Westward of the Isle of Portland, (and at this time being in a poor state of health,) I directly ordered the Speedwell Revenue Cutter, (then in Weymouth Road,) to proceed round the island, and endeavour to retake the Gill sloop, which she performed about ten that evening, and about eleven A. M. the next day took the said privateer between Topsham and the Berry-head: She is called the Serpent, Jonathan Arnold commander, manned with fifteen men, and armed with musketoons and small arms only; was fitted at Dunkirk, had been from thence about fourteen days, and two from Cherburg: had taken nothing before: She has a French Commission, the Commander an American, as are most of the men.

Admiralty-Office, July 27, 1782.

Extract of a letter from Vice-Admiral Lord Shuldham, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels at Plymouth, to Mr Stephens, dated July 23. 1782.

HIS Majesty's ships Crown and Panther have this day sent in here two prizes, one a cutter belonging to the French King, called the Pigmy, (late his Majesty's cutter) of fourteen guns and ninety-two men; and the other a ship called L'Hermione, laden with provisions and live stock, and having one hundred and twenty landmen on board, for the sevice of the combined fleets.

Admiralty-Office, July 27, 1782.

Winchelsea, off Whitby. July 21, 1782.

SIR,

I Beg leg you will please to acquaint my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that, on the 20th instant, Flamborough Head bearing S. 17 W. distance 17 leagues, his majesty's ship Winchelsea, under my command, captured, after a chace of twenty-four hours, most part of which time the ship was rowed, the French privateer Brig Royal, Jacques Perre, master, carrying five twelve-pounders, and fifty-four men, had been out nine days from Dunkirk, but taken nothing.

I remain, Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

JOHN BORLASE WARDEN.

Philip Stephens, Esq.

Admiralty-Office, July 27, 1782.

Extract of a letter from Vice-admiral Drake, Commander in in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels in the Downs, to Mr Stephens, dated July 25, 1782.

THE Scourge sent into the Downs this morning, La Bonne Intention, a French row boat, with 10 men, which he took yesterday afternoon; she had been two days from Dunkirk.

War-Office, July 27. 1782.

1st Regiment of foot, 2d battalion, Ensign Morrison Gun, of 26th foot, to be Ensign, vice Frederick Keppel.

26th Regiment of foot, John Sinclair, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Morrison Gun.

60th Regiment of foot, 1st battalion, William Sandys, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Alexander M'Lean.

79th Regiment of foot, James Edmonds, Gent. to be Quarter-Master, vice ——— Sydal.

88th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant James Fitzgerald to be Adjutant, vice John Cummings.

92d Regiment of foot, Ensign William Plumridge to be Lieutenant, vice George Delap. —— Cunningham, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Plumridge. Lieutenant Nicholas Ball to be Adjutant, vice George Delap.

94th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Robert Nutter Campbell to be Captain of a company, vice William John Hale. Serjeant James Coke to be Quarter-master, vice —— Fitzgerald.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *July 26.*

Portsmouth, 23. This day sailed the Asia of 64 guns, to join Lord Howe; the Pluto fireship is dropt down to St Hellens.

The Fly, Redhead, from Lancaster to the West Indies, is supposed to be lost, not having been heard of since she sailed.

Plymouth, 23. Arrived the L'Hermonie, Guillant, and the Pigmy cutter of 14 guns and 90 men, both taken by the Crown and Panther men of war.

Weymouth, 24. Sailed the Euridice man of war, in quest of an enemy's privateer. Arrived the Serpent privateer of Dunkirk, taken by the revenue cutter of this port, she had taken the Athol, Amer, from Dundee for Bridport, which is retaken and arrived here.

Portsmouth, 24. Last night sailed the Ganges, and this day sailed the Vengeance of 74 guns each, to join Lord Howe.

North Shields, 22. Last night, arrived the Elizabeth, Captain Peterson, of and from Norway; on the 15th instant was brought to by the Pallas and a cutter, belonging to the Dutch fleet, between the Reaf and the Dogger, who asked him what loading, and where bound, and after being informed, bid him farewell. The fleet consisted of 12 sail of the line, 2 frigates and a cutter, steering under an easy sail to the N. E. but before he lost sight of them they put aboat.

A Portuguese ship is lost on the rocks near Falmouth; the Captain and most of the people drowned.

From the London Papers, July 27.

Leiden, July 22. The Argo frigate returned to the Texel the 19th, and brings advice, that the squadron under the orders of Admiral Hartsinck separated, on the 13th, from the East and West India convoy, in the latitude of Shetland, from whence they continued their voyage with a favourable wind. The Batave of 50 guns, one of the ships which composed the above squadron, is returned to the Vlie, not being able to keep up with it. The division, escorted by the convoy from the Baltic, has also happily pursued its route.

LONDON

No fresh accounts from Lord Howe, or any tidings of the Jamaica and Leeward Island fleets had been received at the Admiralty when this paper went to press; but, we are sorry to add, that the report of a considerable French fleet, under convoy of four sail of the line, having got into Brest, appears to be too well authenticated, as a frigate is arrived at Plymouth, from whence an express was received yesterday, that the Suffolk of 74 guns, the Vigilant of 64, and two or three frigates, on the 18th instant, near Ushant, fell in with the above fleet, consisting of near 150 sail; that 12 of them struck to the frigates, but were relieved by the enemy before our ships could take possession of them. The Crocodile of 24 guns, and Prudent of 38, followed them within twelve hours sail of Brest, but they were so well protected, that not one of them was taken. *St James's Chron.*

The above fleet sailed from Martinique the beginning of April, under convoy of Count de Grasse, and it is thought their protection was not inducement why he hazarded a battle on the 12th of April; during the engagement they made the best of their way for St Domingo, where they arrived the latter end of the same month, and it is supposed, that while Lord Hood was returned to Jamaica to water his squadron, they embraced the opportunity of sailing for Europe. This partly accounts for the combined fleets making a point to get to the southward of Lord Howe; but all their care was very near being ineffectual, as the Crown, of 64 guns, and Panther, of 60, sailed the same day from Portsmouth, as the Suffolk and Vigilant did from Plymouth; and if it had been their good fortune to have joined, they would have been more than a match for the four shattered ships of the French, who most probably would have left the fleet to their mercy. *Ibid.*

The combined fleets having now protected both their outward and homeward-bound trade, it is very possible they will go into Brest to victual and water; unless it was one of their objects to distress our trade, and redeem their honour, by recapturing their Admiral and some of their ships, which may perhaps induce them to put up with short allowance for the hopes of doing that, which we hear Lord Howe is determined (let the consequences be what they will) to prevent. *Ibid.*

Information has been received by Government from the East Indies, with an account of an action, that has taken place between the French and English fleets in that quarter. The intelligence is not immediately official, and is received by the way of Constantinople, but comes through a medium that leaves no doubt of its authenticity. The purport of it is as follows:---On the 20th of March, the French fleet, under the command of Monsr. d'Orves, and the British, under Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, the former consisting of eleven ships of the line, besides frigates, the latter of nine sail, exclusive of the Ilis of 50 guns, came to an engagement off Pondicherry. It continued upwards of six hours, and was most desperately maintained on both sides, till one of the French ships of 64 guns was towed out of the line, in a most disabled condition. The enemy still continued the engagement, but at a greater distance, for one hour longer, and then bore entirely away. The flight of the French, was the only proof of victory on the part of the English, the squadron under Sir Edward Hughes, being too much disabled to attempt a pursuit.——The French, it is supposed, have however been more shattered than the English, and as they have no port in that quarter of the world to retire to, for refitting their ships, nearer than the Mauritius, it is expected that several of them will suffer before they get there, the passage being both long and dangerous. Not one ship was taken on either side, but it is imagined, that the French ship of the line, which proved to be the Vengeance of 64 guns, and was engaged in the action with the Magnanime, also of 64, is too much disabled to be capable of any further service. The letters which bring this information, add, that the above was certainly the best fought action that ever happened in the east. Sir Edward Hughes hoisted his flag on board the Superb of 74 guns, and Captain King had a Commodore's pendant in the Exeter of 64. *Eng. Chron.*

The last Madrid Gazette has the following article: By dispatches which arrived here on the 24th of June, the Court have received the most important intelligence from the West Indies, stating, that his Majesty's forces, commanded by Don Galvez, had entirely driven the English from their establishments, both in the interior parts of Honduras, and along the coast, and from the very remotest possession they enjoyed in any quarter of South America; that the Spanish commander had had the good fortune to establish a peace with the Indians who inhabit the country known by the name of the *Mosos* and *Zambas*, who have been for upwards of a century in close alliance with the English, and have, on various occasions, done the greatest mischiefs to the subjects of his Catholic Majesty settled in those districts, and that an entire and perfect tranquillity had been again restored in Peru, and the other colonies of South America. This agreeable information was immediately communicated to the foreign Ministers, and orders were issued for singing *Te Deum* in all the churches of Madrid, and for general illuminations, and other demonstrations of joy, for three successive days. *Ibid.*

The spirit of independence seems, at this period, to pervade every part of the world. Advices have been received at Petersburgh, dated June 27th, with the information, that the Tartars of Dubon and Crimea, have erected the standard of revolt from the Russian empire. Their Chan Sakin Gerray, against whom the people had menaced the utmost violence, has been obliged to fly from Bofchschitera, the place of his residence, as has also Mr Constantinow, the Russian Minister, who resided in the same town. They have retired to Taganrik, upon the frontiers of the Russian empire. Not many of the circumstantiances attending this revolution have hitherto transpired, but from what is already known, the most serious consequences are apprehended from it. The Court of Russia appear to be peculiarly interested and alarmed by this event. Couriers were dispatched on the instant the intelligence arrived, and are daily sending to the frontiers of Tartary, as well as to Constantinople, with orders relative to this insurrection, to the various Ministers resident in those quarters. Several regiments have been sent to reinforce the troops already stationed in the Russian frontiers. The command of the forces, destined to quash this rebellion, is to be given to the Comte Belinacu, M. le Chombellen, and M. de Semilow, Procurer of the Senate, are to proceed to the borders, with a commission and full powers for effecting a pacification. *Ibid.*

Last night a report prevailed in the city, that the Jamaica fleet was arrived at Cork; upon enquiry at the different public offices we learn, that Government has received advice of several ships having been seen off Waterford, which were supposed to be the trade bound to Liverpool and Bristol; but as no other intelligence has been received of them since, it is most likely premature. However, we hope a confirmation of this important event will arrive in the course of a day or two. *Ib.*

Several inaccurate accounts having appeared in the papers, of the state of the force under the command of Lord Howe; the following list of his squadron, a correspondent assures us, may be depended upon as authentic:

Victory	100	Fortitude	74
Britannia	100	Ganges	74
Royal George	100	Goliah	74
Queen	98	Suffolk	74
Atlas	90	Vengeance	74
Ocean	90	Asia	64
Union	90	Belleisle	64
Cambridge	80	Bienfaisant	64
Foudroyant	80	Crown	64
Princess Amelia	80	Raisonable	64
Alexander	74	Sampson	64
Bellona	74	Vigilant	64
Berwick	74	Buffalo	60
Courageux	74	Panther	60
Dublin	74	Romney	50
Edgar	74		

The situation of Gibraltar has engrossed much of the attention of the Cabinet; and many counsels have been held, to determine what is to be done for its relief. Different were the opinions of the Cabinet; some thought it might cost more than it was worth; we are proud, however, to hear, that a regard for the honour of the nation, and gratitude for the glorious behaviour of our brave garrison, have prevailed with the majority of the Cabinet, and made them resolve to send a powerful fleet to the Mediterranean, sufficient to beat the Spaniards, and even the French, if they should join them; for this reason, as soon as the Jamaica fleet is safe arrived, Lord Howe is to proceed with thirty sail of the line to Gibraltar, with orders to fight the enemy, if they should venture to oppose him, in effecting the relief of that fortress.

Though his Lordship is to carry out thirty sail with him, he is not to bring back so many; for he is to detach *eight* to the West Indies, in order to maintain that superiority which Rodney gave us in that quarter of the world by his memorable victory of the 12th of April. All the ships that can be got ready during the absence of Lord Howe, are to be employed against the Dutch, and to sail for the Downs, the general rendezvous, as soon as they can get their hands on board.

All the single ships that have sailed to join Lord Howe, carried out sealed orders, which they were to open if they did not fall in with the fleet two days after they cleared the Channel.

The East-India fleet, expected home about November next, consist only of eight ships, viz. the Contractor, Duke of Portland, Grosvenor, and York, from Coast and China; the Royal Charlotte, and Royal Admiral, from Bombay; and the Resolution, and Neptune, from Bengal.

Commodore Bickerton did not sail from England till February last, so that his arrival in the East-Indies could by no means be expected till the beginning of June at the soonest: If we hear of his junction with Sir Edward Hughes by Michaelmas, that period will be the earliest.

The account given in the papers of yesterday, of the St Domingo fleet having joined the combined fleet, we are sorry to find was too true, as advice was received yesterday of several of them having arrived in the different ports in France.

The Lord Advocate of Scotland yesterday attended the levee, accompanied by Mr Adam, and kissed his Majesty's hand on being appointed Treasurer of the Navy.

Yesterday morning, part of Earl Temple's baggage was sent off to Ireland. Lords Hillsborough and Barrington are expected to set off to-morrow for the same kingdom.

A treaty for a coalition of parties is again revived, through the medium of the Lord Advocate, by which it is proposed to bring in the Lords North and Gower, with six of their respective partizans. This negociation is said to be so well *en train* already, that very little is wanting to carry the whole plan into execution.

PRICE OF STOCKS, JULY 27.

Bank Stock —	3 per cent. Ann. —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, —	India Bonds, 3 prem.
3½ per cent. 1758, shut.	South Sea Stock, shut.
3 per cent. con. shut, 56¾ a ¾ ex div.	3 per cent. Old Ann. —
	Ditto New Ann. shut.
3 per cent. red. 58¾ a ¾.	Ditto 1751, —
3 per cent. 1726, shut.	Exch. Bills, 4 a 5 s. prem.
Long Ann. shut, 16 7-16ths a ½ ex div.	Navy Bills, 11 disc.
	Lot. Tick. 15 l. 15 s.
Short Ann. 1778, shut, 12⅝ a 7-16ths, ex div.	3 per cent. Scrip. 58¼ a ⅝.
	4 per cent. Scrip. —
India Stock, —	Omnium, —

WIND AT DEAL,
JULY 26. N. E.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, July 27.

"The many conjectures respecting the situation of Lord Howe appears to be formed indeed *in nubibus*. They are formed at random, without considering the different purposes for which his fleet was sent out. Although it was asserted, with such confidence, that Lord Howe had positive orders to fight the combined fleets, where-ever he met them, yet we find his conduct has plainly evinced the contrary. He is now not so much in search of the combined fleets, as he is lying in wait to meet the Dutch fleet, who are expected to have left the Texel purposely, by sailing north about, to capture our West India fleet. It is, therefore, now confidently reported, that he is lying at the mouth of the Irish Channel, having stationed a frigate to cruise off the Blasques, on the western coast of Ireland, to dispatch him intelligence across the land, which in this instance would arrive to him two or three days, perhaps a week, before a vessel could sail round the southern coast, to bring him intelligence: So that if the Dutch should attempt to pass through the Irish channel, he is there to meet them; or, should they sail round the western coast, he will have an opportunity of meeting them before they can have any possibility of capturing our West India fleet.

"Our last letters from Cadiz inform us, that they were fitting out two bomb-ketches and several men of war with all possible expedition, which were almost ready to put to sea, and were ordered to Alicant: That orders were sent by several conveyances to the commanders of their ships of war cruising in the Mediterranean, to return, some to Alicant, and some to Barcelona, where great quantities of warlike stores were in readiness to be shipped off, as were 8000 of their choicest soldiers.—The rumour was, That all this was intended only to change the garrison of St Roche; but many were of opinion, that this armament was intended for some expedition of a much greater moment.

"All our advices from Germany are full of the preparations for war. But the most surprising part of it is, that a certain Prince of the Empire, who has 90,000 of his own men, should be treating with the Princes for the number of troops he is obliged to furnish the Emperor.

"It is computed, that within twelve months 800,000 quarters of corn have been exported from Great Britain to Portugal, Spain, France, and Italy; for which they paid, including freight, 1,000,000 Sterling, to the great advantage of this kingdom in general, and the landed interest in particular; which, considering the great plenty of wheat it has pleased God to bless us with, and the many discouragements that all the other branches of our trade labour under, would have been reduced to a very melancholy situation—had it not been for this commodity, occasioned by the accidental scarcity of it in those countries."

Yesterday, at the Rev. Dr Blair's, near Edinburgh, Thomas Wright, Esq; George's Square, was married to Miss Jean Watson, daughter of the late Principal Watson, St Andrew's.

On Wednesday, was married, by a special licence, at Lady

Balcarras's houſe, Cavendiſh Square, the Hon. Philip York, nephew of the Earl of Hardwick, to the Hon. Lady Elizabeth Lindſay, ſiſter to the Earl of Balcarras.

Letters from Madras mention the death of Capt. Albert Innes, (the ſecond ſon of Doctor Robert Innes, phyſician at Haddington,) a young officer of great ſpirit, and genteel accompliſhments. He was unfortunately killed in April 1781, by the burſting of a muſket of one of the company of Marksmen, which he commanded, and had bravely led on the preceding day, in a hot and ſucceſsful action. He died juſtly and ſincerely regretted by his brother officers and ſoldiers.

William Crichton, Eſq; Alderman, and late Sheriff of London, died yeſterday the 30th inſtant, at a friend's houſe near Wooller, after a few days illneſs.

Mrs Macfarlan, wife of Mr Walter Macfarlan, late wine-merchant in this place, died at Toll-croſs on Tueſday laſt.

The ſloop Annies of Ely, James Morriſon maſter, from Hamburgh, lately captured off this coaſt, is retaken and brought ſafe into Yarmouth.

Yeſterday arrived in Leith Roads, his Majeſty's ſhip Proſelyte, from a cruize.

Letters from Germany bring advice, that the Duke of Wirtemberg, having been appriſed of very frequent and numerous emigrations being made from his duchy, has thought proper to iſſue the following proclamation: "That, ſince the frequent and numerous emigrations make it indiſpenſible to take ſome method to prevent them in future, this public notice is given,

"1. That whatever native of this duchy leaves it, without firſt laying his reaſons before the Aſſembly, ſhall forfeit all his right to the privileges of being a burgeſs.

"2. That no return ſhall entitle them to a reſtoration of theſe privileges."

We cannt but obſerve the policy of this proceeding of the Duke of Wirtemberg. It is fraught with juſtice, diſcernment, and humanity. In this time of approaching emigration, it is pity but ſuch an act was paſſed in Great Britain. Nothing could more conduce to prevent the alarming conſequence of depopulation with which this country has been ſo long threatened, and in a great meaſure aggrieved. Every perſon has conceived a local attachment to the place and privileges of his birth; and, however he may be inclined to ſuſpend the exerciſe of theſe privileges for a time, by emigrating to a foreign land, yet he would be glad to return with affluence to his native land, that he might enjoy his local privileges with dignity, honour, and happineſs. But when local privileges are to be forfeited by emigration, theſe local prejudices will tie him to his native land. He will rather prefer indigence with the natural privileges of a citizen, than run the hazard of a precarious affluence, which he cannot enjoy in another country but as an outcaſt.

A Correſpondent preſents compliments to Dr Johnſon, and begs leave to inform him, that there is juſt now ready for cutting, in his Grace the Duke of Gordon's foreſt at Glenmore, Inverneſs ſhire, above one hundred thouſand fir trees, many of them fit for the royal navy. This may ſeem to reflect upon the Doctor's perſpicacity, where he aſſerts, that "a tree might be a ſhow in Scotland, as a horſe in Venice?" and ſo it might, if there were neither foreſts nor plantations of any kind in Scotland; but the ſhorteſt way to make the Scots comprehend it, without the aſſiſtance of their ſecond ſight, is to ſhow them ſome "celebrious" Venetian of the Doctor's acquaintance, who can prove himſelf to be poſſeſſed of above an hundred thouſand horſe.

Extract of a letter from Dumfries, July 30.

"On Tueſday laſt the King's boat, belonging to the Cuſtom-houſe here, on its paſſage from Saturneſs-point to the coaſt of Cumberland, was about mid-day overſet by ſome unlucky accident near the Engliſh ſhore, and all on board, viz. Adam Craik, Eſq; jun. of Arbigland, his ſervant, and four boatmen, were unfortunately drowned. We hear that the body of Mr Craik is found, as alſo the bodies of two of the boatmen, one of whom had a pair of ſilver buckles taken out of his ſhoes, and his pockets rifled of a ſilver watch, about twenty ſhillings, and five dollars.—We cannot but regret, with the public, the very great loſs this part of the country has ſuſtained by the premature death of Mr Craik, whoſe amiable diſpoſitions had ſo juſtly rendered him the favourite of all his acquaintances and neighbours."

Extract of a letter from Ayr.

"This day Lieutenant Trock's cutter ſailed from this place to Belfaſt Loch with a number of impreſſed hands, and likewiſe a number of volunteers."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, July 26.

"The following veſſels were taken off Youghall the 22d inſtant by the Sophia of Dunkirk, Captain Mouſon:

"Brig Dolly, Duncan, from Dublin, for Corke and Jamaica.

"Brig Free Trade, Partridge, from Waterford, for Newfoundland.

"Sloop Hopeſtill, Walſh, from Briſtol for Kinſale.

"Sloop Dove, Davey, from Biddiford for Corke, burnt.

"Sloop Eliſabeth, Jones, from Briſtol for Youghall.

"The Dolly, Free Trade, and Hopeſtill are ſent to France, and the Eliſabeth was given up to bring the crews of the forgoing veſſels on ſhore.

"This privateer is rigged between a brig and a ſchooner, carries 16 double-fortified four-pounders, and ſails remarkably faſt."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, July 25.

"To-morrow the Lord Lieutenant goes to the Houſe of Peers to give the Royal aſſent to the ſeveral bills which have paſſed the two Houſes, after which he will cloſe the ſeſſion by a ſpeech from the throne. The prorogations are to be continued until the 4th of February next, when the houſes are to reſume their ſitting, which are in future to be annual.

"Yeſterday, Colonel Pedder and the Lawyers Corps beat up for recruits for the ſea-ſervice, and we are informed were very ſucceſsful.—This ſpirited conduct evinces to the public, that while that reſpectable corps have undertaken, by their late reſolutions, to enquire into ſome political matters, they are reſolved to exert themſelves ſtrenuouſly in ſupport of our ſiſter country, againſt ſuch a formidable combination of enemies.—An example well worthy of imitation.

"Yeſterday, the Artois, commanded by Capt. M'Bride, ſailed for Belfaſt. Her gallant commander is on board, and is gone to Belfaſt, we hear, to be preſent at the review on Tueſday next; where, it is reported, he is to act as an Aid-de-Camp to the Reviewing-General, the Earl of Charlemont; and will afterwards accompany his Lordſhip to Derry, in the ſame honourable character.

"The perſonal attendance of Capt. M'Bride on the Northern Volunteer Reviews, will probably be attended with the beſt conſequences to the recruiting ſervice for the Britiſh navy; to forward which, in the preſent moſt critical ſituation of the ſiſter kingdoms, whoſe ſafety ſo eſſentially depends on their *wooden walls*, it could be devoutly wiſhed, all parts of Ireland would cordially unite, and not ſuffer, at leaſt for the preſent, any difference of opinion on ſpeculative queſtions, to damp the ardour of a buſineſs thus ſo nobly commenced."

ANECDOTES *of Mr* GRATTAN.

Mr GRATTAN was intended for the bar, and for this purpoſe entered himſelf a ſtudent in the Temple. Here he was found by the preſent Duke of Leinſter, who, from the brilliancy of his ideas, and the rapidity of his eloquence, thought proper to invite him to Ireland under his patronage. Mr Grattan was no ſooner arrived in that kingdom, than his Grace exerted his intereſt, and procured him a ſeat in the Iriſh Commons. During that ſeſſions there happened no political queſtion to call forth the powers of Mr Grattan. But, notwithſtanding, his Grace was ſo fully poſſeſſed of the abilities of his favourite, that he took occaſion in every company to repreſent his having reſtored a prodigy to his country, that would reſtore the country to its native privileges, honour, ſplendour, and dignity. He therefore invited ſeveral of the nobility and gentry to attend the Houſe, when Mr Grattan was expected to reply on a motion that was to be made, which was underſtood to be inimical to the intereſts of Ireland. The nobility and gentry went to the Houſe on the appointed day, with the greateſt prepoſſeſſions in his favour, and the greateſt expectations of their own entertainment; but they were diſappointed in both. Our orator felt the characteriſtic of genius. His ideas of his ſituation were too powerful. They fettered his eloquence. He aroſe; but after making ſome ſorry, feeble, and embarraſſed ſentences, he ſat down, as much to the confuſion of himſelf, as to the diſappointment of his auditors. However, his abilities were too powerful to loſe their tone by this ſtroke of diſappointment. He knew his intellects, and therefore depended on having another opportunity of exerting them in a manner that might retrieve his character in the ſame inſtant that they eſtabliſhed his fame; ſo that, during this interval, he particularly applied himſelf to ſtudy the relative connexion of Ireland with Britain. He ſaw ſhe was ripe to aſſert the demands of freedom, and therefore declared himſelf her champion. Now was the period of his emerging from that depth of diſgrace in which envy and diſappointment had joined to precipitate him. He brought forward thoſe motions which has raiſed Ireland and himſelf to a pitch of conſequence, which it will require the greateſt abilities to maintain.

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

EPIGRAM.

On the report of Lord Howe having retreated from the Combined Fleet.

The Frenchman cries, "Ve beat de Engliſh now."
While ev'ry Briton asks Monſieur, "*Lord! Howe?*"

R. W.

SEQUESTRATIONS *by the* COURT *of* SESSION.

Thomas Paterſon tenant in Primſide.
James Scott in Manlaw.

GREENOCK SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

July 26. Peggy, Lamont, from Belfaſt, with goods.
29. Caſtlecſtemple, M'Kinlay, from Jamaica, with ſugar, rum, &c.
Three Siſters, Paterſon, from ditto, with ditto.
Jamaica, Kerr, from ditto, with ditto.
Betſy, Douglas, from ditto, with ditto.

SAILED,

27. Katty, M'Clenachan, for St Lucia, with goods.
Lucy, Ward, for Liverpool, with ditto.

SEALOCK SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

July 29. Leviathan, Adie, from Norway, with timber.
30. Brodrie, Holmeſland, from ditto, with deals.
Glaſgow Packet, Hanton, from Dundee, for Glaſgow, ſundries.

SAILED,

29. Ann, Law, for Borrowſtounneſs, in ballaſt.
William and Ann, Bell, for Alemouth, ditto.
30. Jean, Brown, for Leith, ditto.
Lawirentius, Larſon, for Norway, ditto.

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

July 30. Katty, Donald, from Ballahuliſh, with ſlates.
Adamſon, Lyel, from Perth, in ballaſt.
Margaret, Lockhart, from Kirkwall, with goods.
Emmanuel, Alburn, from Dram, with dales.
Four Brothers, Ellingſon, from Chriſtiana, with ditto
Fredericks Sophia, Jonſen, from Eaſterizer, with ditto and logs.
Three Brothers, Anderſon, from Crockery, with ditto and ditto.
Lady Grant, Malcolm, from Aberdeen, with goods.
31. Lark, Hunter, from Shetland, with kelp and fiſh.
Catharina, Tuff, from Mandale, with dales and logs.
Three Siſters, Dall, from Longſound, with ditto and ditto.
Jean, Brown, from Glaſgow, in ballaſt.

SAILED,

Endeavour, Leed, for Thurſo, with goods.
Elizabeth, Caſſie, for North Berwick, in ballaſt.
John and Janet, Muir, for ditto, in ditto.

PANTHEON.

UPON Monday the 22d current, the Society met, purſuant to adjournment, when the queſtion—"Ought the Rejection of the "Scots Militia bill to be conſidered as an unfavourable event to this "country?"—was determined in the *affirmative*.

The following queſtion will be the ſubject of debate to-morrow evening—"*Should Britain* PROSECUTE *the War with America, or* SUE *for* "PEACE *through the* MEDIUM *of* FRANCE?"

Tickets to be had at Mr AITCHISON's Jeweller, and of the other Members.

TEA LICENCES.

EXCISE-OFFICE, Edinburgh, July 29. 1782.

BY Acts of Parliament paſſed in the 20th, 21ſt, and 22d years of the reign of his preſent Majeſty, every perſon who, after the 5th day of July 1780, doth trade in, ſell, or vend any COFEE, TEA, or CHOCOLATE, is required to take out a LICENCE for that purpoſe, paying for the ſame, the ſum of FIVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE; and every ſuch perſon is, by the ſaid firſt-mentioned act, required to take out a freſh Licence ten days at leaſt before the expiration of twelve kalender months after taking out the firſt Licence, before he or ſhe do preſume to trade in, ſell, or vend any Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate; and, in the ſame manner to renew ſuch Licence from year to year, paying down the like ſum of Five Shillings and Sixpence for each and every new, or renewed Licence, under the penalty of TWENTY POUNDS for each offence.

In purſuance of theſe acts of Parliament, the COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE do hereby give notice, that attendance is given at the chief office of Exciſe in Edinburgh, for the limits of the city of Edinburgh, and by the ſeveral Collectors of Exciſe, on their collections, for the other parts of Scotland, ſo as every perſon who continues to trade in, vend, or ſell any Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate, may renew his or her Licence, within ten days at leaſt before the expiration of twelve kalendar months after taking out their laſt Licence;—and it is expected that all concerned will, by compliance with the law, prevent any proſecution againſt them for the penalty incurred by neglect of this notice.

By order of the Commiſſioners,

JOHN THOMSON, Secretary

By the Right Honourable
The Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh.

WE being reſolved to give our aſſiſtance towards ſpeedily ſupplying his Majeſty's fleet with able Seamen, do hereby offer a Reward of TWO GUINEAS, over and above his Majeſty's and all other bounties, to every able ſeamen, not above the age of fifty years, nor under eighteen,—and ONE GUINEA to every Landman, not under eighteen, nor above thirty-five years of age,—reſiding in, or belonging to this City, Leith, Newhaven, or the other liberties of Edinburgh, who ſhall, on or before the firſt day of September next, appear in the Council Chamber, and volantarily enter himſelf to ſerve aboard any of his Majeſty's ſhips of war, and be afterwards approved by the Regulating Captain here.

Given at Edinburgh, the 3d day of July 1782.

(GOD SAVE THE KING.)

LIEUTENANT TROKES,

EMPLOYED in the Impreſs Service at AYR and Parts adjacent, hereby give notice to all Salmon and other Fiſhermen on the coaſt of Ayr and Carrick, that unleſs they do, on or before the 5th day of Auguſt 1782, deliver to him a liſt of the number of men employed by them, and agree to furniſh a number of men in proportion thereto, to ſerve in his Majeſty's fleet, within a limited time, he will be under the neceſſity of impreſſing, without any regard to former protections.

DESERTED from the Second 71ſt regiment of foot at Perth, upon Saturday night the 27th day of July 1782,

DAVID ALLAN, aged 34 years or thereby, fair complexion, brownish fair hair, brown eyes. Had on when he deſerted, a claret coloured jacket and waiſtcoat, tartan green kilt, red hoſe, a bonnet and feather. He was ſome time ago ſerving Sir Adam Fergulſon in Ayrſhire, in the character of butler or family ſervant, and has ſince reſided with his wife and family at Edinburgh, until he enliſted in ſaid regiment in June laſt.

Whoever apprehends ſaid deſerter, ſo as he may be ſecured in any of his Majeſty's jails, will be entitled to receive TWENTY SHILLINGS Sterling, over and above the allowance by act of Parliament, by applying to the commanding officer of ſaid regiment at Perth, or to Mr William Chalmers writer in Edinburgh.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

AGNES IRELAND auctioneer in Leith, having lately died, it is intreated, that all to whom ſhe was indebted at the time of her death will lodge notes of their debts, and how they are vouched, in the hands of George Durham portioner in Newhaven, or Robert Thomſon ſhoemaker in Leith, on or before the 7th of Auguſt next: And, upon the 8th of ſaid month, the whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS of the ſaid deceaſed Agnes Ireland will be SOLD by public roup, at her houſe, oppoſite Hugh Morton's wright, in the Kirkgate of Leith. The roup to begin at eleven o'clock forenoon.

N. B. Thoſe indebted to Mrs Ireland at the time of her death will pleaſe pay their ſeveral ſums in, to the perſons above named, ſo as further trouble and expence may be prevented.

This not to be repeated.

SHIPS MASTS FOR SALE.

TO be SOLD by auction, upon Tueſday the 27th day of Auguſt 1782, at 12 o'clock mid-day, at Mr Dunlop's coal-quay, on the ſouth ſide of the river Clyde, a little below the New Bridge of Glaſgow, TWENTY SHIPS MASTS, preſently lying at the ſaid quay.—They are of an exceeding good quality and ſize, generally upwards of 60 foot long, and will be ſold either in lots or ſingle maſts, as may be condeſcended on at the time of ſale.

The conditions of ſale to be ſeen with Joſeph Cromble writer in Glaſgow.

DISTILLERY MEETING.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Committees of the ſeveral Counties in Scotland, relative to the DISTILLERY, is to be held in the Goldſmiths Hall, Edinburgh, on Friday next the 2d day of Auguſt, at two o'clock afternoon; and it is requeſted by Mr Morehead, Convener, that the Gentlemen named by their reſpective Counties will attend, as matters of conſequence will then be laid before them.

ALEX. KIDD, Clk.

FARMS TO BE LET.

THE TACKS of the ſeveral Farms after mentioned, poſſeſſed by James Finlay, Eſq; of Wallyfoord, at the time of his death, viz. The Farms of Coats, of Murrayfield, and of Innerielth, all lying in the pariſh of St Cuthberts, or Weſt Kirk, in the neighbourhood of Edinburgh. The Farm of Golf-hall, part of the eſtate of Gogar, lying in the pariſh of Conſtorphin. The Farm of Silverknows, part of the eſtate of Muirhouſe, lying in the pariſh of Cramond. The Farm of Eaſter Norton, part of the eſtate of Hatton, in the pariſh of Ratho. And the Weſter Farm of Wallyfoord, lying in the pariſh of Inverеſk.

There is alſo to be Sold by roup, the CROPS preſently growing on the ſaid ſeveral farms, with the Horſes and other Beaſtial, and Labouring Utenſils thereto belonging.

The time of rouping of the farms, crops, and ſtocking, will be afterwards particularly advertiſed.

The HOUSE at Coats, or Whitehouſe, on the road leading to Coltbridge, with the Garden, Offices, and Incloſure thereto belonging, as preſently poſſeſſed by Mrs Finlay, to be alſo LET on ſuch terms, and for ſuch a number of years, as may be agreed upon.

Propoſals concerning all, or any of the ſaid farms or houſe, may be lodged with Harie Guthrie, jun. writer in Edinburgh, who is impowered to treat and tranſact; and all offers ſhall be concealed, if deſired.

A FARM NEAR PERTH.

To be SET in tack, by private bargain,

ONE of the Farms of PITTHAVELESS. The entry at the ſeparation of the next crop from the ground, for ſuch a number of years as can be agreed on.

The Farm conſiſts of about 100 acres of ground, in good condition, part of it lately limed, and ſome fields laid down with clover and rye-graſs. There is a good houſe and office-houſes on the farm, and a well-made road leads through it from Perth, which is but a mile diſtant.

The tenant may have either more or leſs ground, as parties can agree. Further particulars will be learned by applying at Craigie brewery, or at the ſhop of James Ramſay merchant in Perth.

Perth, 28th July 1782.

LANDS at KELSO to be SOLD.

TO be Sold by roup, within the Council-houſe of Kelſo, upon Saturday the 24th day of Auguſt 1782,

The FOLLOWING SUBJECTS, belonging to JAMES HARDIE merchant in Kelſo, viz.

I. That Park called Roundlaw Park, lying in the neighbourhood of Kelſo, meaſuring ſeven acres or thereby, as the ſame is preſently poſſeſſed by Gavin Turnbull at the yearly rent of 14l. Sterling.

II. That Park called Thiſtlekaun, meaſuring ſeven acres or thereby, as the ſame is preſently poſſeſſed by the ſaid Gavin Turnbull at the yearly rent of 6l. Sterling.

There are ſix years of this leaſe yet to run.

III. That Park called Holyland Park, meaſuring ſix acres or thereby, as the ſame is preſently poſſeſſed by George Bruce at the yearly rent of 8l. 10s. Sterling.

There are four years of this leaſe yet to run.

IV. That Park called Gateſide, meaſuring three acres or thereby, as the ſame is preſently poſſeſſed by Robert Melroſe at the yearly rent of 5l. 10s. Sterling.

There are five years of this leaſe yet to run.

V. That Park, being part of the Croſt Lands of Kelſo, belonging to the ſaid James Hardie, meaſuring ten acres or thereby, as the ſame is preſently poſſeſſed by George Wilſon at the yearly rent of 20l. Sterling.

There are nine years of this leaſe yet to run.

The whole of theſe parks are ſufficiently incloſed, fenced, and well watered, and there is alſo a conſiderable quantity of full-grown timber upon the lands.

The ſubjects will be expoſed either in one or more lots, as purchaſers ſhall deſire.

The title-deeds and articles of roup may be ſeen in the hands of William Charles Craigie writer to the ſignet, who has power to conclude a private bargain previous to the ſale; and copies of theſe articles may be ſeen in the hands of Thomas Potts writer in Kelſo.

COUNTY OF FORFAR.

AT ſome Appeals are lodged againſt the Aſſeſſments made by the Surveyor of the Duties on Windows and Houſe-rents, it is requeſted that the Commiſſioners of Supply of the County of Forfar do meet at Forfar on Tueſday next, the 6th of Auguſt, being the day fixed by law for determining appeals. And that the Juſtices of Peace do alſo meet the ſame day, to hold the Quarter Seſſions, ſome buſineſs being to be laid before them.

ROUP OF GROWING LINT,

AT CRAIGTOUN, four miles eaſt from Linlithgow, on Thurſday the 8th Auguſt, at twelve o'clock, in ſeveral fields, having moſtly a fine appearance, and to be expoſed in large and ſmall lots, the owner having above one hundred acres.

It is wiſhed to eſtabliſh a trade of buying lint from the field in the neighbourhood, where much of the land is very proper, and conſiderable quantities now raiſed by the farmers; but the after management ought to be a ſeparate buſineſs, and thoſe who underſtand it, may expect good bargains and encouragement as to credit, houſes, &c. The expoſer has two very ſufficient lint-mills near, which purchaſers may have the uſe of, on reaſonable terms; alſo others conveniencies for watering, carriage, &c.

A good tenant for a lint-mill wanted, or a proper perſon for taking charge of one; and workmen who underſtand the lint buſineſs may have conſtant employment.

Apply to Mr George Henderſon, Craigtoun, or Mr James Gordon at Duntarvie, by Kirkliſton, Linlithgow ſhire.

OIL OF VITRIOL WORKS.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, in John's Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, on Monday the 9th day of September 1782, between the hours of five and ſeven in the afternoon,

THE OIL of VITRIOL WORKS at PRESTONPANS.

Theſe Works are in good condition for making annually four hundred tons of Oil of Vitriol, ſituated on the banks of the Frith of Forth, about eight miles eaſt of Edinburgh, near two harbours for ſhipping. Coal and labour at moderate rates. Theſe Works are in a very advantageous ſituation for making Alcaline Salts, as great quantities of Sea Salt are made at Preſtonpans, without paying near ſo much Exciſe as is paid in England, and the ſituation is alſo very convenient for making ſoap. If unqueſtionable ſecurity is given for the value, immediate payment will not be required; and a regular well-going Work for making Oil of Vitriol may be inſtantly entered upon, as the Works are continued, in expectation of its being of conſequence to a purchaſer.

If the purchaſer ſhould be deſirous to extend the trade, there are convenient buildings near the Works, that may be bought, or rented very cheap.

The Works will not be ſhown; but inventories of the houſes and buildings, mentioning their extent and condition, atteſted by two ordained and ſworn meaſurers; and inventories of the utenſils, mentioning their preſent condition and value, atteſted by men of knowledge; as alſo, inventories of the goods on hand may be ſeen, by applying to Walter Hog accomptant in Edinburgh, Alexander Baxter of Odiam in the county of Southampton, Mr Nathaniel Nicholls attorney at law, Queen's Street, Cheapſide, London, or to Meſſ. Matthew Boltoun or Samuel Garbett at Birmingham; to whom any perſon inclining to make a private bargain before the day of ſale, may give in propoſals, which, if not accepted of, ſhall be kept ſecret, if deſired.

William Dick writer to the ſignet will ſhow the articles and conditions of the public ſale.

FIR WOOD OF GLENMORE TO BE SOLD.

TO be SOLD by private contract, the Duke of Gordon's FIR WOOD of GLENMORE, in the county of Inverneſs, North Britain. This wood is very extenſive and full grown, containing above a hundred thouſand trees, many of which are of quality and ſize fit for the royal navy. It is very conveniently ſituated, by having a ſufficiency of water not only for every preparatory purpoſe of manufacture, but alſo for floating the timber by the river Spey to the ſea-port of Garmouth, in the Moray Frith. The privilege of erecting ſaw mills, and every other accommodation the purchaſer may require will be given. John Steuart forreſter in Glenmore will ſhow the wood; and thoſe inclining to purchaſe, are deſired to tranſmit their propoſals, addreſſed to the Duke of Gordon, at Gordon Caſtle, by Fochabers, before the firſt of October next.

SALMON FISHINGS OF SPEY TO LET.

TO be LET for ſuch a term of years as can be agreed on, commencing with next ſeaſon 1783, The Duke of Gordon's whole SALMON FISHINGS in the river Spey, and upon the ſea coaſts adjacent thereto; including thoſe Fiſhings in the river lately acquired by his Grace from the Earl of Fife. Thoſe who incline to take a leaſe of the premiſſes, are deſired to tranſmit their propoſals, addreſſed to the Duke of Gordon at Gordon Caſtle, by Fochabers, before the firſt of October next.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE HOUSES after mentioned, in BAILIE FYFE's CLOSE, north ſide of the High Street of Edinburgh:

	YEARLY RENT.
The Houſe preſently poſſeſſed by Miſs Lythgow,	L. 15 0 0
The Houſe poſſeſſed by Mr John Dunſmuire,	15 0 0
A ſmall Houſe poſſeſſed by Mrs Penny,	4 0 0
Another ſmall Houſe, - - - -	1 10 0
	L. 35 10 0

The ſituation of theſe houſes is well calculate for people of buſineſs, are of eaſy acceſs, and the two firſt have a pleaſant proſpect to the north.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to Robert Sym clerk to the ſignet.

TO be SOLD by public roup or auction within the Exchange coffee-houſe, Edinburgh, on Friday the 9th day of Auguſt 1782, at five o'clock afternoon,

I. The Lands and Barony of LAWERS, with the pertinents, lying in the pariſhes of Monivaird, Strowan, Comrie, Monzie, and Fouls, ſtewartry of Strathern, and county of Perth, all holding of the Crown, and valued in the ceſs-books at 1873l. 17 s. 1 d. Scots.

This is an eſtate of great extent, well accommodate, and very improveable; the preſent yearly clear rent is 937l. 9 s. 7 d. Sterling, incluſive of ſervices and carriages performed by the tenants; and when the current leaſes expire, (ſome of which drop in this current year) conſiderable additional rent may be depended on. It lies three miles from Crief, in a fine ſporting country, abounding with game of all ſorts, and the tenants pay the land-tax, and all the public and pariſh burdens, over and above their rents.

There is a large and elegant modern manſion-houſe, with ſuitable offices, fit to accommodate any gentleman's family, all in good repair, pleaſantly ſituated on the banks of the river Earn, which coſt upwards of 6000l. Sterling.

The garden is ſtocked with wall and ſtandard fruit-trees of good kinds, and the adjacent fields, to a conſiderable extent, are ſubſtantially incloſed and ſubdivided.

The woods are valuable; for, beſides a plantation of thriving trees of different ſorts lying near the houſe, conſiſting of ſixty acres about ſixty years old, there is in the policy around the houſe and gardens a great many valuable full grown timber trees; and on the eſtate there is alſo three natural woods, moſtly oak, viz. Laggan, cut in 1764, Craigmore in 1767, and Aſhtoney in 1768, all well fenced and very thriving, which, at next cutting, are computed to ſell for about 1500 l. Sterling.

The title-deeds, rentals, current leaſes, and conditions of roup, are to be ſeen in the hands of John M'Gowan writer in Edinburgh; to whom, or to Alexander Farquharſon accomptant in Edinburgh, (who has power to make a private bargain,) perſons inclining to purchaſe may apply.

John M'Intyre at Lawers will ſhow that barony.

JUDICIAL SALE ADJOURNED
TO THURSDAY THE 1ſt OF AUGUST 1782.

By authority of the Court of Seſſion,

THERE is to be expoſed to ſale, by public roup, within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 1ſt day of Auguſt 1782, betwixt the hours of three and five afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

The FOLLOWING SUBJECTS, which belonged to WILLIAM TAYLOR, late Writer in Edinburgh.

I. The TOWN and LANDS OF SOUTHFODD, *alias* SOUTHFIELD, and whole pertinents thereof, lying within the pariſh and regality of Dunfermline, and ſheriffdom of Fife.

Theſe Lands hold of the Crown. The free yearly rent of the ſtock, after all deductions, is proven to be	L.	252	5	5 6-12ths.
Excluſive of the lime-quarry, which is proven to be worth of yearly rent,		10	0	0
And the proven free teind of theſe lands is		2	5	6 1-12th.
Proven free rent of ſtock and teind,	L.	264	10	11 7-12ths.

The proven value of the free ſtock of theſe lands, excluſive of lime-quarry, is twenty-five years purchaſe;—of the quarry, eight years purchaſe; and of the free teind, five years purchaſe;—extending the total value and upſet price of theſe lands of Southfodd and pertinents to 6398 l. 3 s. 11 d. 11-12ths Sterling.

II. The SUPERIORITY of the KIRKLANDS of COUPAR, and others, lying within the pariſh of Coupar, and ſhire of Fife, holding blench of the Crown. The annual feu-duty payable out of theſe lands to the ſuperior is two-pence Sterling, the double thereof at the entry of each heir, and 20 l. Sterling at the entry of each ſingular ſucceſſor.—The valued rent of theſe lands is 264 l. Scots, and the proven value and upſet price of the ſuperiority 30 l. Sterling.

N. B. *This Superiority, along with the lands of Southfodd, make up a qualification to vote for a member of Parliament for the county of Fife*, and are to be expoſed to ſale in one lot.

III. The Lands of ETTRICKHOUSE or ETTRICKHALL, with the teinds and whole pertinents, lying within the pariſh of Ettrick and ſheriffdom of Selkirk, holding of the Crown.

The proven free yearly rent of theſe lands, ſtock and teind, is 136 l. 15 s. 6 d. 10-12ths Sterling; and the proven value thereof 2100 l. Sterling, at which they are to be expoſed. They afford a qualification to vote for a member of Parliament in Selkirkſhire.

IV. THAT INCLOSURE conſiſting of fifteen acres, and ſix falls of ground in the fields of Invereſk, commonly called the Weſter Fore-Brae, with the teind-ſheaves and pertinents of the ſame, lying within the pariſh of Invereſk, and ſheriffdom of Edinburgh, holding feu of the Duke of Buccleugh, for payment of 2 l. 4 s. Scots of feu-duty. The proven free rent of which lands, ſtock and teind, is 30 l. 17 s. 7 d. 3-12ths Sterling; and the proven value thereof at twenty-four years purchaſe, extends to 741 l. 3 s. 6 d. Sterling.

The articles of roup, &c. will be ſeen in the hands of Mr Alexander Roſs depute clerk of Seſſion.

JUDICIAL SALE
OF THE
ESTATES OF KILSYTH AND LEUCHARS,
PARTS OF THE YORK BUILDING COMPANY's ESTATES.

TO be SOLD by authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, within the Parliament-houſe, on Wedneſday the 7th day of Auguſt next, at five o'clock afternoon,

The Lands, Lordſhip, and Eſtate of KILSYTH, lying in the counties of Stirling and Dumbarton, all in one lot.——This eſtate was, in 1727, let by the York Building Company to Mr Campbell of Shawfield, for 99 years, at 500 l. per annum ——The lands meaſure about 7858 acres. The ſuperiorities of the eſtate will give the purchaſer conſiderable parliamentary influence in the counties of Stirling and Dumbarton.

The upſet price is only 12,500 l. being 25 years purchaſe of ſaid tack-duty.

ALSO, at the ſame time and place, by adjournment,

The Lands, Lordſhip, and eſtate of LEUCHARS, lying in the county of Fife, in three lots.

Lot	ACRES. A.	R.	F.	Free Rent Sterling.		Upſet Price Sterling.	
I.	370	0	0	L. 76 13	$0\frac{8}{12}$	L. 1762 19	$11\frac{6}{12}$
II.	500	0	0	123 10	$0\frac{1}{12}$	2840 11	$5\frac{11}{12}$
III.	3724	0	0	537 16	$4\frac{3}{12}$	12369 16	$11\frac{4}{12}$
Totals,				737 19	$5\frac{7}{12}$	16973 8	$4\frac{1}{12}$

The upſet prices of the Lots of this Eſtate are ſtated at twenty-three years purchaſe of the free rent, without any addition on account of the graſſums, rating the victual, the wheat at 13 s. 4 d. the bear and oats at 8 s. 4 d. and the meal at 10 s. 6 d.

Printed copies of the particulars of the rental, and of the different Lots of theſe two eſtates, with copies of the propoſed articles of ſale, may be had from Alexander Mackenzie writer to the ſignet; and plans of the eſtates, diſtinguiſhing the lots, may be ſeen in his hands, or in the hands of Keith Dunbar depute clerk of ſeſſion, clerk to the ſale.

ESTATE IN BERWICKSHIRE TO BE SOLD.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe, Edinburgh, on Thurſday the 8th of Auguſt next, at ſix in the afternoon,

The Lands and Barony of LONGFORMACUS, with the teinds of the ſame, and patronage of the pariſh of Longformacus; alſo, the Lands of DRONSHIEL, all lying in the pariſh of Longformacus, and ſhire of Berwick; the yearly rent whereof is about 420 l. Sterling.

There is a handſome modern manſion-houſe on the eſtate, with ſuitable office-houſes, and a conſiderable quantity of natural wood, planting, and policy, in a thriving condition, and the tenants houſes in good repair. The eſtate conſiſts of about 1800 Scots acres, very improveable, within ſix meaſured miles of Dunſe, and well ſituated for ſport of all kinds. The barony holds blench of the Crown, and entitles the proprietor to vote in the election of a member of Parliament. The Lands of Dronſhiel hold blench of a ſubject.

The title-deeds, which are clear, with a judicial rental, and a plan of the eſtate, with the articles of roup, may be ſeen in the hands of Alexander Mackenzie writer to the ſignet.

Thomas Dunn, grieve at Raithall, will ſhow the ground, manſion-houſe, &c.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 8th day of Auguſt 1782, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The Lands of WOODSIDE, in the pariſh of Dalſerf, and county of Lanark, conſiſting of above 106 Scots acres, incloſed and ſubdivided into fourteen different incloſures by hedge and ditch. The whole are, and have been for fifteen years paſt, in the occupation of the proprietor, and are in very neat order; two thirds of the lands are at preſent in graſs. There is a Wood of Oak, Birch, &c. upon the eſtate, of above 36 years growth, beſides much old and new planting about the lands.

There is a neat and convenient Manſion-houſe on the premiſſes, conſiſting of ſix fire-rooms and a kitchen, a brew-houſe and dairy, together with a large court of offices lately built for all the neceſſary purpoſes of a gentleman's family, and farm. There is a well-laid out kitchen garden, and a thriving orchard, well ſtocked with a great variety of fruit-trees of the beſt kinds. The houſe is ſituated near the poſt-road, a quarter of a mile from Clyde, half-way between Lanark and Hamilton, four miles diſtant from each, and twelve miles from Glaſgow. The poſt calls at the houſe three times a-week, in going and coming between theſe towns, and brings all letters for the family.

The title-deeds, which are clear, are to be ſeen in the hands of Robert Stewart writer in Edinburgh; and alſo a ſketch of the lands, and how they are laid out.

VOLUNTEERS FOR THE NAVY.

CAPTAIN JAMES FERGUSSON being appointed to the command of the EGMONT of 74 guns, now at Plymouth, has directed this notice to be given to his countrymen, that he wants and wiſhes their aſſiſtance to man ſaid ſhip, where they may depend upon the beſt uſage, and every encouragement in his power to which merit is entitled.

Beſide wages, victuals, and prize-money, they will receive his Majeſty's bounty, as follows: Every able ſeaman 5 l. every ordinary ſeaman, 2 l. 10 s. and each landman 1 l. 10 s. Sterling, which will be paid when muſtered on board the EGMONT.

One tender is ready at Leith to carry them to the Nore, and from thence to Plymouth; and another tender is ready at Greenock, which will carry them directly on board the ſhip at Plymouth: and all who wiſh to ſerve under Captain Fergusſon, will pleaſe appear and enter with the Hon. Captain Napier at Edinburgh, or Capt. Drummond at Greenock, regulating officers at theſe two places, who will pay them one penny per mile for travelling charges, from their ordinary place of reſidence: and all who have ſerved with Captain Fergusſon during the preſent war, either in the BRUNE or VENUS frigates, or in the INTREPID and TERRIBLE, line of battle ſhips, will be particularly acceptable on board the EGMONT.

By order of CAPTAIN FERGUSSON,

Edin. July 1782. JAMES BOWIE, M. M. of the Egmont.

N. B. Volunteers for the EGMONT, from Edinburgh, Leith, Newhaven, and the other liberties of the City, will alſo receive the Bounty given by the Magiſtrates, viz. Two Guineas to every able Seaman, and One Guinea to every Landman,

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 8th day of Auguſt 1782, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The Houſe and Lands of POWDERHALL, lately belonging to Mr Daniel Seton merchant in Edinburgh, deceaſed, lying within the barony of Broughton, pariſh of St Cuthberts, and ſhire of Edinburgh.

Theſe Lands are pleaſantly ſituated upon the banks of the Water of Leith, contain about ſixteen Scots acres of a very rich ſoil, all completely incloſed and divided into ſeveral different fields, ſurrounded with very thriving and beautiful ſtripes of planting. The pleaſure-ground is laid out with great taſte; and the garden and wall ſurrounding the pleaſure ground are well ſtocked with fruit-trees of many different kinds, which produce remarkably well.

The Houſe ſtands upon the Bonnington road to Leith, within twenty-five minutes walk of the Croſs of Edinburgh, and conſiſts of a kitchen and eleven fire-rooms, beſides five bed-rooms, and two large light cloſets in the garret-ſtorey. The dining-room in the ſecond ſtorey is about 26 feet by 17; and the parlour in the firſt ſtorey is about 16 by 14. There are alſo two cellars, one of them with catacombs, and a complete ſet of offices, containing ſtable for ſix horſes, coach-houſe, cart-houſe, byre for four cows, milk-houſe, waſh-houſe, and large laundry; with two ſervants rooms, and ſeveral other conveniencies. At the offices is a pump-well, plentifully ſupplied; and at the head of the entry from the Bonington road, there is a good gardener's houſe, of two apartments.

As ALSO, the Houſe called BEAVERHALL, built upon the ſaid lands, conſiſting of five rooms and a bed-cloſet with a fire-place, beſides kitchen, back-kitchen, laundry, pantry, and two garrets. Contiguous to the houſe is a large building with a number of apartments, formerly made uſe of as a Hat Manufactory, which may be eaſily converted into offices.

The ſaid lands hold of the Governors of Heriot's Hoſpital, for payment of an yearly feu-duty of about 48 bolls barley bear.

For the encouragement of purchaſers, the whole of the above ſubjects will be expoſed at the upſet price of 1500l. Sterling.

The houſe at Powderhall may be ſeen on Mondays, Wedneſdays, and Thurſdays, betwixt eleven and two o'clock.

William Knox gardiner at Powderhall will ſhow the grounds.

The title-deeds of the whole of the above ſubjects, which are clear, with a plan of the grounds at Powderhall, and the articles of roup, may be ſeen in the hands of Andrew Hamilton clerk to the ſignet.

For further particulars apply to David Ruſſel accomptant in Edinburgh.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, upon Friday the 9th day of Auguſt next, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon, within the houſe of Francis Macnab gardener at Summerhall, at the eaſt end of Hope Park, or the Meadow,

That Acre and Three-fourth Parts of an Acre of ground of the Lands of St LEONARDS, with the Teinds thereof lying on the ſouth ſide of the burgh of Edinburgh, at the eaſt end of Hope Park, and on the eaſt ſide of the High road leading to Libberton, as the ſame are preſently poſſeſſed by the ſaid Francis Macnab, with the ſeveral houſes built on the ſaid lands, in ſo far as not already feued out, and the feu-duties of ſuch of the houſes as are let out in feu.

The ground holds feu of Heriot's Hoſpital, for payment of 11. 3 s. 4 d. Sterling of feu-duty yearly; is pleaſantly ſituated within a few minutes walk of the Croſs of Edinburgh, and may be very profitably employed in building upon. It is on two ſides incloſed by an elegant and ſubſtantial ſtone wall, lately built at a great expence; and near one half of the feu-duty paid to Heriot's Hoſpital, is drawn back from the ſub-altern feuars of the houſes.

The articles of roup, and progreſs of writs, may be ſeen in the hands of Robert Jamieſon writer to the ſignet; with whom, or with Mr James Marſhall at Summerhall, any perſon inclining to make a private bargain may commune. The ſubjects will be ſhown by the above Francis M'Nab.

SALE OF LANDS.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange coffee-houſe, Edinburgh, on Friday the 9th of Auguſt next, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The Two-and-a-half-merk-land of CAPENOCH, and Two Merk Land of CULBAE, of old extent, lying in the pariſh of Kirkinner, and ſhire of Wigton. Theſe lands conſiſt of about 400 acres, are in the natural poſſeſſion of the proprietor, and are valued at 200 l. Sterling per annum. They hold blench of the Crown, and entitle to a vote in the county. They lie within a few miles of a navigable river, and the ſea, and the town of Wigton, have marle, and have ready acceſs to lime.—The upſet-price to be 1500 l. Sterling.

The progreſs of writs, articles and conditions of ſale, will be ſeen in the hands of Alexander Abercrombie writer to the ſignet; and James Machurnie tenant in Cuil, near Creetoun, will ſhow the lands.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe of Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 21ſt day of Auguſt next, at twelve o'clock noon,

All and whole the four-merk Land of old extent of WESTER OVERTOWN, with four acres of BALGREEN, lying in the pariſh of Avondale, near to the town of Strathaven, in the county of Lanark, conſiſting of about 170 acres of very good arable land, ſet partly in graſs and partly in tillage for the years 1781 and 1782, at 198 l. ſterling yearly. There are alſo about 10 l. ſterling of feu-duties.——As alſo,

The forty four ſhilling five-penny half-penny Land of old extent of NETHER WELLWOOD, and the ſixteen ſhilling eight-penny Land of old extent of NETHER PRIESTHILLS, with the teinds and pertinents, lying in the pariſh of Muirkirk; and the half of the ten ſhilling Land of OVER TARREOCH, adjoining thereto, lying in the pariſh of Auchinleck and county of Ayr. Theſe lands are of great extent, of good ſheep paſture; and there is a good dwelling-houſe and offices on Wellwood.

The lands of Overtown will be ſhown by William Hutchiſon there; and Wellwood and Nether Prieſthills, by Alexander Bell and Andrew Jamieſon, the herds.

Thoſe who incline to purchaſe privately, may apply to Archibald Hamilton merchant in Glaſgow, Robert Sym clerk to the ſignet, or Claud Marſhall writer in Glaſgow, who will alſo ſhow the title-deeds and articles of ſale.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN and THOMAS ROBERTSON, and ſold at their Printing-houſe in the PARLIAMENT-CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in. This Paper is regularly publiſhed every Monday, Wedneſday and Saturday.——The price as follows: *viz. 46 s. 6 d. per annum*, when ſent by poſt; 40 *s.* 6 *d.* when ſent to any houſe in this city or ſuburbs; 37 *s.* 6 *d.* when called for at, the Printing-houſe; and a ſingle paper 3 *d.*